# The Shifting Landscape of Modern Al

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# 1997: My journey - IPhO

This was the first time I got into airplane, and went overseas!

#### Silver medal! Yay!

Suit & shoes borrowed from my Dad.



# 1956: The quest began

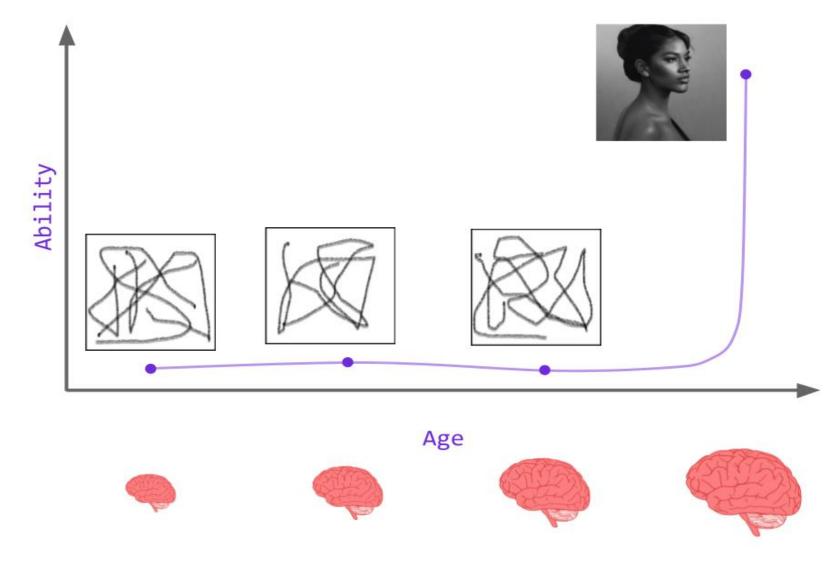


Among the most challenging scientific questions of our time are the corresponding analytic and synthetic problems:

- How does the brain function?
- Can we design a machine which will simulate a brain?

-- Automata Studies

## The quiet period (to the public)



Source: assemblyai

Photo credit: Flux Trends

2024

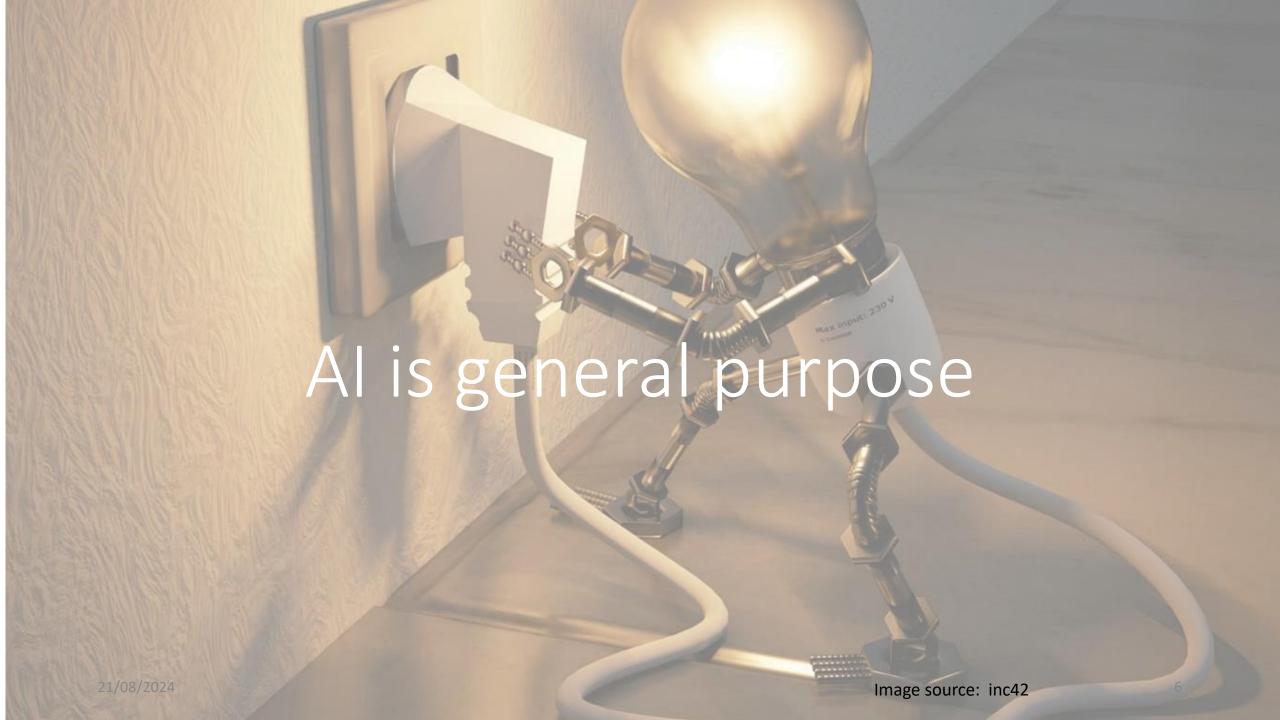


What will a digital companion look like?

How will we interact with "it"?

How can we build one?

(Hint: Multimodal, embodiment, theory of mind etc.).



#### Three kinds of Al

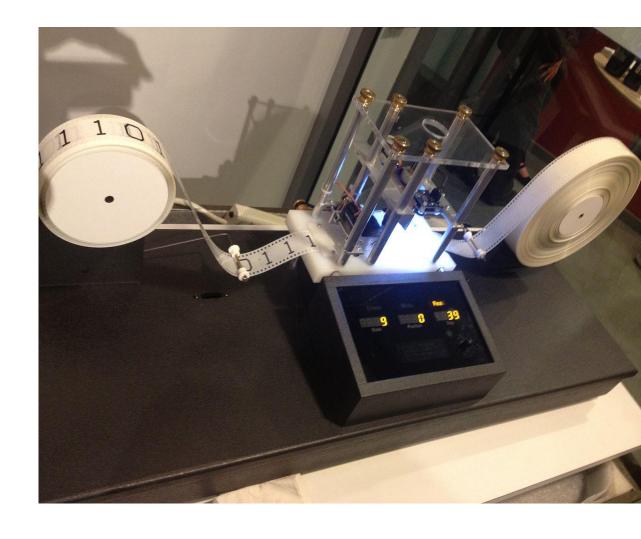
- Cognitive automation: encoding human abstractions → automate tasks normally performed by humans.
- Cognitive assistance: AI helps us make sense of the world (perceive, think, understand).
- Cognitive autonomy: Artificial minds thrive independently of us, exist for their own sake.



François Chollet

The quest for general purpose: Learning a Turing machine

Can we design a program that learns to program?



Artificial Intelligence 246 (2017) 53-85

2008: When things become over complex, time for a fresh air!



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

#### Artificial Intelligence

www.elsevier.com/locate/artint



Hierarchical semi-Markov conditional random fields for deep recursive sequential data



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$$\Phi[\zeta, z] = \left[ \prod_{d \in [1, D]} \prod_{i_k, i_{k+1} \in \tau^d} R_{i_k+1:i_{k+1}}^{d, s, z} \right] \prod_{d \in [1, D-1]} \left\{ \left[ \prod_{i_k \in \tau^{d+1}, i_k \notin \tau^d} A_{u, v, i_k}^{d+1, s, z} \right] \left[ \prod_{i_k \in \tau^{d+1}} \pi_{u, i_k+1}^{d, s, z} \right] \left[ \prod_{i_k \in \tau^{d+1}} E_{u, i_k}^{d, s, z} \right] \right\}$$
(8)

$$\alpha_{i:j}^{d,s}(u) = \sum_{t \in [i+1,j]} \sum_{v \in S^{d+1}} \sum_{\substack{\zeta_{i:t-1}^{d,s}(v) \\ \zeta_{i:j}^{d+1,u}}} \Phi \left[ \hat{\zeta}_{i:t-1}^{d,s}(v) \right] \Phi \left[ \hat{\zeta}_{t:j}^{d+1,u} \right] A_{v,u,t-1}^{d+1,s} R_{t:j}^{d+1,u} + \sum_{\substack{\zeta_{i:j}^{d+1,u} \\ \zeta_{i:j}}} \pi_{u,i}^{d,s} \Phi \left[ \hat{\zeta}_{i:j}^{d+1,u} \right] R_{i:j}^{d+1,u}$$

$$= \sum_{t \in [i+1,j]} \sum_{v \in S^{d+1}} \alpha_{i:t-1}^{d,s}(v) \hat{\Delta}_{t:j}^{d+1,u} A_{v,u,t-1}^{d+1,s} + \hat{\Delta}_{i:j}^{d+1,u} \pi_{u,i}^{d,s}$$

$$(36)$$

#### 2012: Deep learning took off

#### Machine learns as data speak

Al, machine learning, deep learning, data science and all those topics!

Monday 21 May 2012

Machine learning at its turning point: Non-convexity

Machine learning had enjoyed the last decade of specifying and optimising convex regularised risks. It seems that we have reached the point when we need to move on, accepting the fact that global optimum may not be optimal after all.

To me, learning based on convex functions is desirable as long as we know what we are looking for. In many cases, however, we do not, and we are more interested in discovery. And one of the most effective way is to loosely specify latent variables which, hopefully captures the generative process of the data. Whenever we introduce latent variables, it is likely that we hit a non-convex objective function. In fact, the goal now is not to find a optimal configuration given the known, well-behaved search space, but to search for *reasonably effective* configurations in a largely unknown space. It is actually evidenced in most powerful natural living systems, such as human brains: They are very effective and time-tested, but they are hardly optimal in any sense.

#### About Me



🔼 Truyen Tran

I'm pushing the frontiers of Al by: ++ Unlocking intelligence & consciousness, ++ Designing competent

intelligent machines, and ++ Transforming physical and digital fields through AI. My team and I have made advances in deep neural networks, visual reasoning, machine learning for biomedicine, materials science, recommender system and software analytics. Currently we are building machines that can remember, reason about what they see, be mindful of what other think, and respect human values. More at: truyentran.github.io



2016: The defining AI moment for the world



## 2017

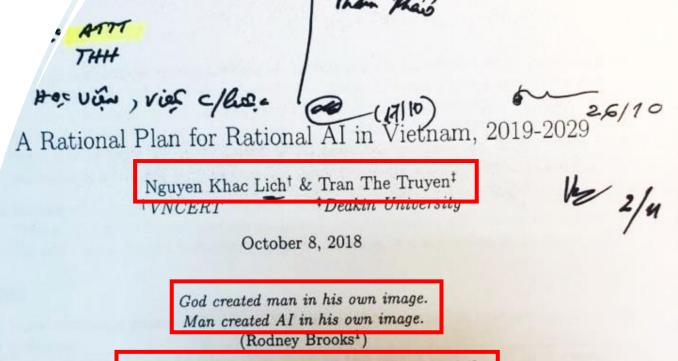
"Software 2.0 is written in neural network weights"

Andrej Karpathy



#### 2018: Vietnam

- "This plan should have been written by AI"
- "Any nation must prepare for Al invasion as it will create social instability if not properly managed".
- "Major Internet tech players will lead the innovation".



This plan should have been written by AI<sup>2</sup>.

#### 1 Background and aims

AI is a general purpose technology (GPT) which will transform humanity like steam engine and electricity did. Although the current advancement of AI is rather linear and steady, the socio-economical changes can be exponential and very disruptive. The architect of the Cold War recently warned:

"[AI] goes far beyond automation as we have known it. Automation deals with means; it achieves prescribed objectives by rationalizing or mechanizing instruments for reaching them. AI, by contrast, deals with ends; it establishes its own objectives" (Henry Kissinger, 2018<sup>3</sup>)

y nation must prepare for AI invasion as it will create social instability if not properly naged. Major powers have formulated their AI strategies in the past 2 years<sup>4</sup>. With the ont wave of investments, we can predict that:

Major Internet tech players will lead the innovation, followed by full-scale business

#### 2019: The Bitter Lesson

By Rich Sutton

"The biggest lesson that can be read from 70 years of AI research is that general methods that leverage computation are ultimately the *most* effective, and by a <u>large margin</u>."

"The two methods that seem to scale arbitrarily in this way are <u>search</u> and <u>learning</u>."

#### 2020: The sentiment

"Deep learning is going to be able to do everything" (Geoff Hinton)

#### 2020 onward: The landscape is shifting, rapidly!

	PRE-2020	2020	2022	2023?	2025?	2030?
TEXT	Spam detection Translation Basic Q&A	Basic copy writing First drafts	Longer form Second drafts	Vertical fine tuning gets good (scientific papers, etc)	Final drafts better than the human average	Final drafts better than professional writers
CODE	1-line auto-complete	Multi-line generation	Longer form Better accuracy	More languages More verticals	Text to product (draft)	Text to product (final), better than full-time developers
IMAGES			Art Logos Photography	Mock-ups (product design, architecture, etc.)	Final drafts (product design, architecture, etc.)	Final drafts better than professional artists, designers, photographers)
VIDEO / 3D / GAMING			First attempts at 3D/video models	Basic / first draft videos and 3D files	Second drafts	Al Roblox Video games and movies are personalized dreams
21/08/2024	Source: Seau	oia	Large model availability:	First attempts	Almost there	Ready for prime time

# GenAl is now very powerful



GenAl are compression engine

Prompting is conditioning for the (preference-guided) decompression.



GenAl are approximate program database

Prompting is retrieving an approximate program that takes input and delivers output.



GenAl are World Model

We can live entirely in simulation!

#### The practice of AI is changing...

Focus: Model

Flow: Data  $\rightarrow$  Feature  $\rightarrow$  Model  $\rightarrow$  Deploy

Reception: Skeptical

2000s

Focus: **Prompt** 

Flow: Prompt → Deploy

Reception: Responsible

2020s

#### 2010s

Focus: Data

Flow: Data  $\rightarrow$  Model  $\rightarrow$  Deploy

**Reception: Accelerating** 

#### Generative Al as firstmile tech



AI has changed how we build, maintain and interact with systems.



Generative AI are the jack of all trades, master of none.



Last-mile AI apps with built on generalpurpose Generative AI



## The shifting AI research





Design man-made systems



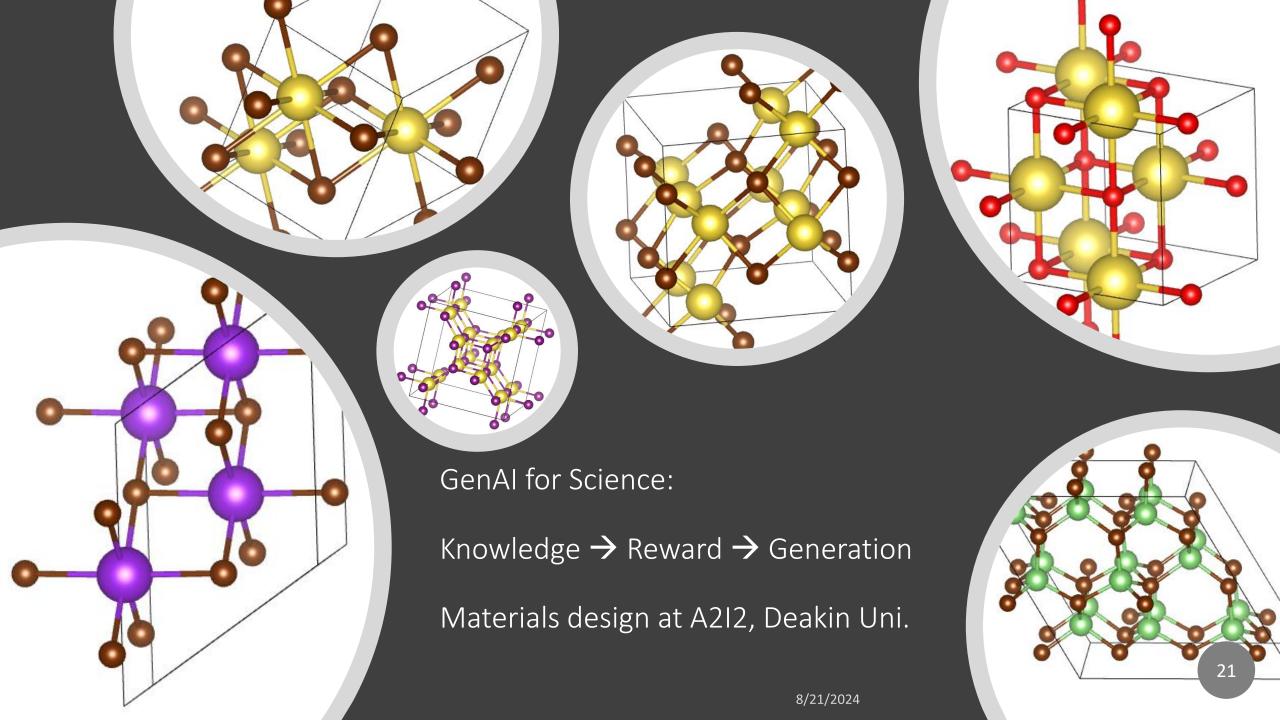
**Generative Al** 

Discover emergent behaviours

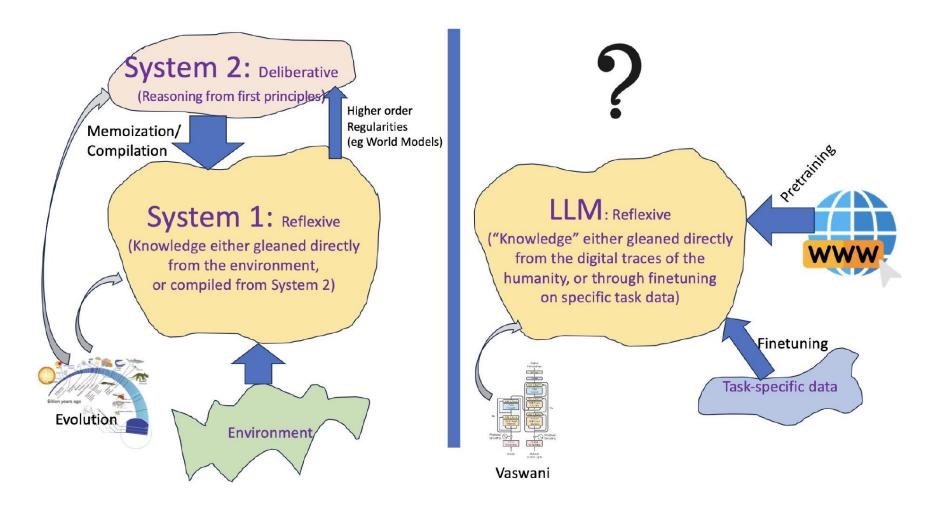


Science

Discover laws in nature



#### True reasoning is still missing



### Machine reasoning: What



Reasoning is concerned with arriving at a deduction about a new combination of circumstances.

Leslie Valiant



Leon Bottou

Reasoning is to deduce new knowledge from previously acquired knowledge in response to a query.

#### Machine reasoning: How



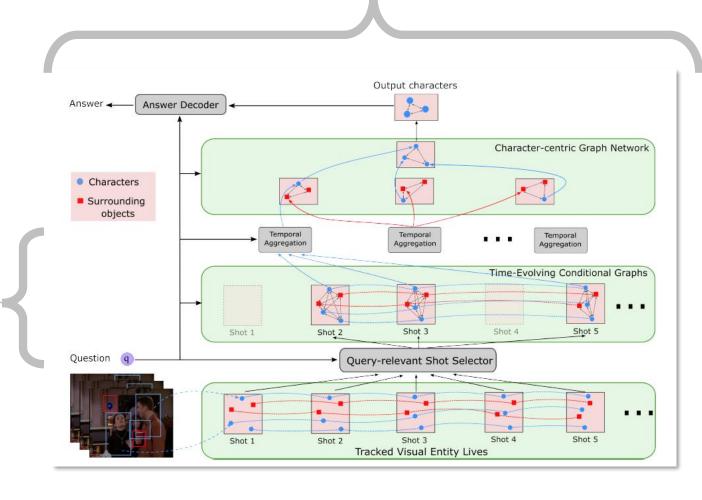
Reasoning as just-in-time **program synthesis**.



It employs **conditional computation**.

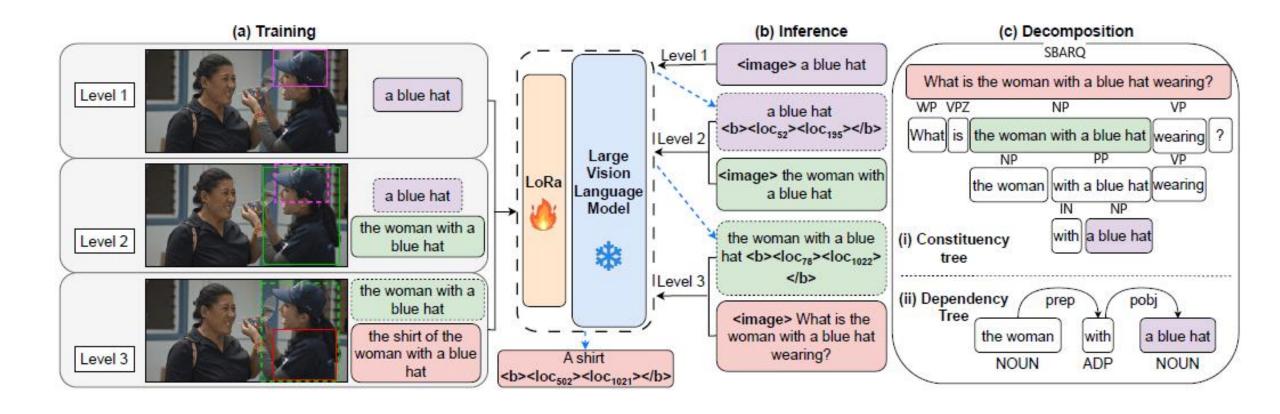


Reasoning is **recursive**, e.g., mental travel.



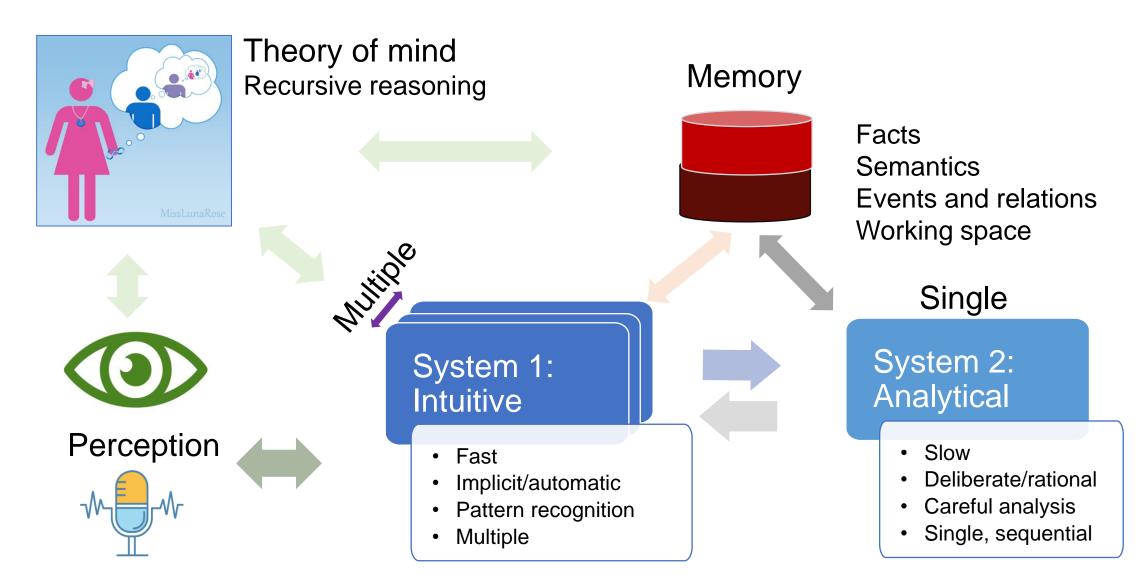
Dang, Long Hoang, Thao Minh Le, Vuong Le, Tu Minh Phuong, and Truyen Tran. "Dynamic Reasoning for Movie QA: A Character-Centric Approach." *IEEE Transactions on Multimedia* (2023).24

#### Machine reasoning: Multimodality



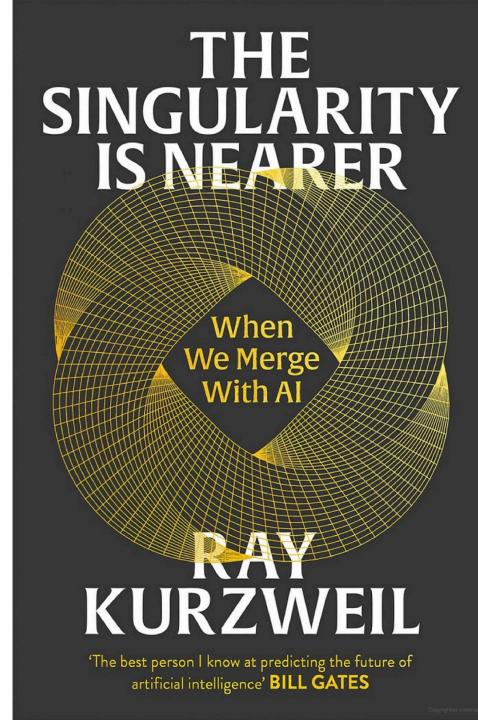
21/08/2024 25

#### A possible cognitive architecture: Going social



# Al enables thinking about BIG questions

- AGI is nearer. Even already here ... to some
- What if all modalities are connected?
- What will human be like if some of our brain is silicon-based, but not carbon-based?
- Is AI conscious? How is about the current AI infrastructure with billions of connected AI agents?
- Can science be automated?
- What will AI look like in the post-quantum era? Quantum AI?



# Thank you! 21/08/2024